

Violence Against Children in Armed Conflict

1. Background of Topic

From far reaching slaughtering, disfiguring, snatching and sexual viciousness to enlistment into outfitted bunches and strikes on schools and healing centers, as well as basic water offices – children living in struggle zones around the world proceed to come beneath assault at a stunning scale. Nowadays, one in four children live in a nation influenced by strife or fiasco, and 2017 saw a huge increment within the number of recorded infringement against children in these areas. Some examples of what has happened in the past are, killing and maiming of children, recruitment and use of children in armed conflicts or groups, attacks on schools and hospitals, etc. New York, 30 December 2019 – Children proceed to pay a dangerous cost as clashes seethe around the world, UNICEF said nowadays. Since the beginning of the decade, the Joined Together Countries has confirmed more than 170,000 grave infringement against children in strife – the identical of more than 45 infringements each day for the final 10 a long time. The number of nations encountering struggle is the most elevated it has been since the appropriation of the Tradition on the Rights of the Child in 1989, with dozens of rough outfitted clashes murdering and mutilating children and driving them from their homes. UNICEF is the part of the UN involved with this issue, trying to fight this world wide problem has been quite difficult for them. Said by a UNICEF Executive Editor, “Conflicts around the world are lasting longer, causing more bloodshed and claiming more young lives. Attacks on children continue unabated as warring parties flout one of the most basic rules of war: the protection of children. For every act of violence against children that creates headlines and cries of outrage, there are many more that go unreported.” Assaults and savagery against children have not let up all through 2019. Amid the primary half of the year, the UN has confirmed over 10,000 such infringement against children – in spite of the fact that genuine numbers are likely to be much higher.

2. UN Involvement

Violence against children in armed conflicts has grown to be such a large national problem, and has created the UN to step in and help with their involvement. The Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Children and Armed Conflict serves as the leading UN advocate for the protection and well-being of children affected by armed conflict. The part of the Special Representative for Children is to fortify the assurance of children influenced by equipped struggle, raise mindfulness, advance the collection of data around the situation of children influenced by war and cultivate worldwide participation to move forward their security. Since 1999, the efficient engagement of the UN Security Board has immovably put the circumstance of children influenced by equipped strife as an issue influencing peace and security. The Security Board has made a solid system and given the Office of the Uncommon Agent apparatuses to reply to infringement against children.

I. Possible Solutions

Making sure everyone is aware of the leading events in which violence against children in armed conflicts occurs is one possible solution towards this conflict. By spreading awareness and making the most possible people informed will help because people will know what types of situations to avoid to the best of their ability and when to be extra careful or not go/be alone, ect. In Order to protect the children some services that could help include disarmament, reintegration, and demobilization programmes being implemented for children. These could be elaborated on and would further help to protect victims and make sure they are safe. Helping the children after they dealt with such situation would only benefit them. These children dealing with this violence likely have great trauma or fears as a result and giving them resources to over come this and feel comfort would definitely improve the mental state of the victims. Protecting children through recruitment is another important area of resolution. Building off of Congos action plan, providing access to assistance for children and families who have experienced violence through armed conflicts can help them to be reintegrated places. For example children in unacceptable circumstances by armed forces and groups can be helped and integrated back into their homes and communities. A possible way to dwindle the amount of children effected everyday is to try and fix the problem at the root which is the armed person, offering help and solutions to those using violence would likely lessen the amount of armed conflicts occurring.

II. Bloc Positions

African regions and regions and countries specifically are taking action on the violence due to armed conflicts specifically effecting children. They are coming up with and implementing action plans to not only prevent but the conflict but help the children effected after. European regions are very against armed conflicts all together and with a recent rise they are especially trying to lower numbers on these conflicts all together. Different areas in Asia are highly concerned and are working to implement new action plans for punishment upon violation. Lots of Middle Eastern children are affected by this at concerning rates, UNICEF and other organizations are doing what they can to help these children. Lots of children in the Middle East are being recruited as soldiers due to the government.

III. Guiding Questions

Who is this conflict affecting?

What countries are directly or the most involved?

What steps have already been taken to prevent violence against children in armed conflict?

Where is there the most armed conflicts?

Why are these situations occurring and what can prevent the initial occurrence?

How are the children affected after the situation?